

Wednesday, February 16, 2005

Team Packet

C++ Problems



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1. INPUT n 2. PRINT n

The 3n + 1 Problem ~ 10 points

3. IF n = 1 THEN STOP



Ugly Numbers ~ 10 points



Freddie's Chair ~ 20 points



ISBN Numbers ~ 20 points



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The 3n + 1 Problem (10 points)

Consider the following algorithm, expressed in psuedo-code of no particular computer language:

- 1. INPUT n
- 2. PRINT n
- 3. IF n = 1 THEN STOP
- 4. IF n is odd THEN n \leftarrow 3n + 1
- 5. ELSE $n \leftarrow n/2$
- 6. GOTO 2

(The \leftarrow symbol means assignment.)

Given the input 22, the following sequence of numbers will be printed 22 11 34 17 52 26 13 40 20 10 5 16 8 4 2 1.

It is conjectured that the algorithm above will terminate (when a 1 is printed) for any integral input value. Despite the simplicity of the algorithm, it is unknown whether this conjecture is true. It has been verified, however, for all integers n such that 0 < n < 1,000,000 (and, in fact, for many more numbers than this.)

Given an input n, it is possible to determine the number of numbers printed (including the 1). For a given n this is called the *cycle-length* of n. In the example above, the cycle length of 22 is 16.

For any two numbers i and j you are to determine the maximum cycle length over all numbers between \underline{i} and \underline{j} inclusive.

Sample run:

```
The 3n + 1 Problem, by [your school & team name here]
Enter two positive integers, zeros to quit.
1 10
Maximum cycle length: 20

Enter two positive integers, zeros to quit.
100 200
Maximum cycle length: 125

Enter two positive integers, zeros to quit.
201 210
Maximum cycle length: 89

Enter two positive integers, zeros to quit.
900 1000
Maximum cycle length: 174

Enter two positive integers, zeros to quit.
0 0

Press Enter to continue . . .
```





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Ugly Numbers (10 points)



Ugly numbers are numbers whose only prime factors are 2, 3 or 5.

The sequence

1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 8, 9, 10, 12, 15, ...

shows the first 11 ugly numbers. By convention, 1 is included.

Write a program that prompts the user to input a positive integer n and outputs the nth ugly number followed by the next four ugly numbers.



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Freddie's Chair (20 points)

On certain days in Freddie's math class when too many students were absent due to SOL testing, Mrs. Magillicuddy would have the students who were left in class play a game she called "Chair Elimination".

The game of "Chair Elimination" works like this: The center of the room is cleared and students arrange their chairs in a circle in the center of the room, one for each student participating in the game, all chairs facing inward with nobody sitting in the chairs. Chairs are numbered in a clockwise direction starting with one and ending with the number of chairs.

The game leader (in this case, Mrs. Magillicuddy) randomly picks two numbers. The first number, called the "starter number", is a number of one of the chairs. The second number, called the "elimination number", is a number between 3 and 100 inclusive.

The game leader announces the two numbers and students are then told, "Ladies and gentlemen, have a seat," at which point everyone scrambles for a chair. The person who ends up in the chair whose number is the "starter number" is called the "starter".

Beginning with the "starter", students count aloud and clockwise around the circle. The "starter" says "one", the person to the immediate left of the "starter" says "two", the person to the immediate left of the person who said "two" says "three", and so forth. When some unfortunate student says the "elimination number", that student must get up, pick up his or her chair, and leave the circle. Chairs are scooted inward slightly to tighten up the circle again. The person who was on the immediate left of the person who got eliminated becomes the new "starter" and the counting process begins with "one" again. When all persons except one have been eliminated, the last remaining person becomes the winner.

Mrs. Magillicuddy always had plenty of great prizes for winners in this game such as pencils, pens, candy bars, and sometimes even a shiny new Susan B. Anthony silver dollar. But one day everyone realized that Freddie was winning almost all the time so Mrs. Magillicuddy said they couldn't play "Chair Elimination" anymore and that they had to do worksheets instead. What nobody realized was that Freddie had a programmable earring into which he could enter the number of chairs, the "starter number", and the "elimination number" and then calculate the number of the chair that would win. He would then quickly make his best effort to sit in that chair before anyone else.

Your job is to write the program that Freddie used to win. Please reject invalid input and only output the winning chair.

Samples:

10 chairs, starter number 4, elimination number 5

The eliminated chairs in order of elimination are 8 3 9 5 2 1 4 7 10 and the winning chair is 6.

15 chairs, starter number 9, elimination number 17

The eliminated chairs in order of elimination are 10 13 2 7 15 9 6 8 14 11 1 3 5 12 and the winning chair is 4.

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The 4th Annual Newport News Computer Challenge

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ISBN Numbers (20 points)

An ISBN (International Standard Book Number) has ten digits. The first nine digits may have values from '0' to '9'; they identify the country in which the book was printed, the publisher, and the individual book. The tenth digit is a "check digit" assigned in such a way that the number $d_1d_2d_3d_4d_5d_6d_7d_8d_9d_{10}$ has the property:

$$(10d_1 + 9d_2 + 8d_3 + 7d_4 + 6d_5 + 5d_6 + 4d_7 + 3d_8 + 2d_9 + d_{10}) \mod 11 = 0$$

"mod" stands for modulo division (same as % in C++ or Java). If d_{10} needs the value 10 to balance the check digit equation, then the character 'X' is used. For example, 096548534X is a valid ISBN.

Write a C++ application that takes as input a 9-digit string of characters.

If the input string is not 9 numerical digits (each being 0 through 9) then a message is returned stating that the input is invalid.

Otherwise your problem will display the 10th ISBN character.

Samples:

Sumpres.	
input	output
12345678	Invalid ISBN Entry.
135792468	2
192837465	4
192837462	X